BAV99WT1
BAV99RWT1

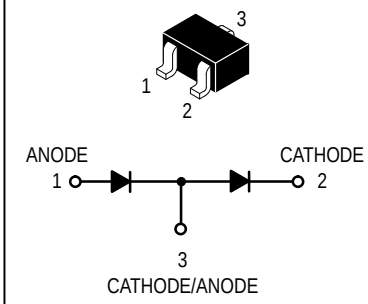
Motorola Preferred Devices

SC-70/SOT-323 Dual Series Switching Diode

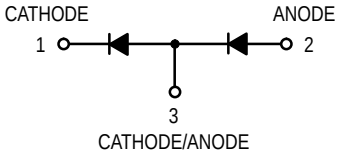
The BAV99WT1 is a smaller package, equivalent to the BAV99LT1.

Suggested Applications

- ESD Protection
- Polarity Reversal Protection
- Data Line Protection
- Inductive Load Protection
- Steering Logic



BAV99WT1
CASE 419–02, STYLE 9
SC–70/SOT–323



BAV99RWT1
CASE 419–02, STYLE 10
SC–70/SOT–323

MAXIMUM RATINGS (EACH DIODE)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse Voltage	V_R	70	Vdc
Forward Current	I_F	215	mAdc
Peak Forward Surge Current	$I_{FM(surge)}$	500	mAdc
Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	70	V
Average Rectified Forward Current(1) (averaged over any 20 ms period)	$I_{F(AV)}$	715	mA
Repetitive Peak Forward Current	I_{FRM}	450	mA
Non–Repetitive Peak Forward Current t = 1.0 μs t = 1.0 ms t = 1.0 S	I_{FSM}	 2.0 1.0 0.5	A

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Total Device Dissipation FR–5 Board,(1) T_A = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P_D	200 1.6	mW mW/°C
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	625	°C/W
Total Device Dissipation Alumina Substrate,(2) T_A = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P_D	300 2.4	mW mW/°C
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	417	°C/W
Junction and Storage Temperature	T_J, T_{stg}	–65 to +150	°C

1. FR–5 = 1.0 × 0.75 × 0.062 in.
2. Alumina = 0.4 × 0.3 × 0.024 in. 99.5% alumina.

DEVICE MARKING

BAV99WT1 = A7
BAV99RWT1 = F7

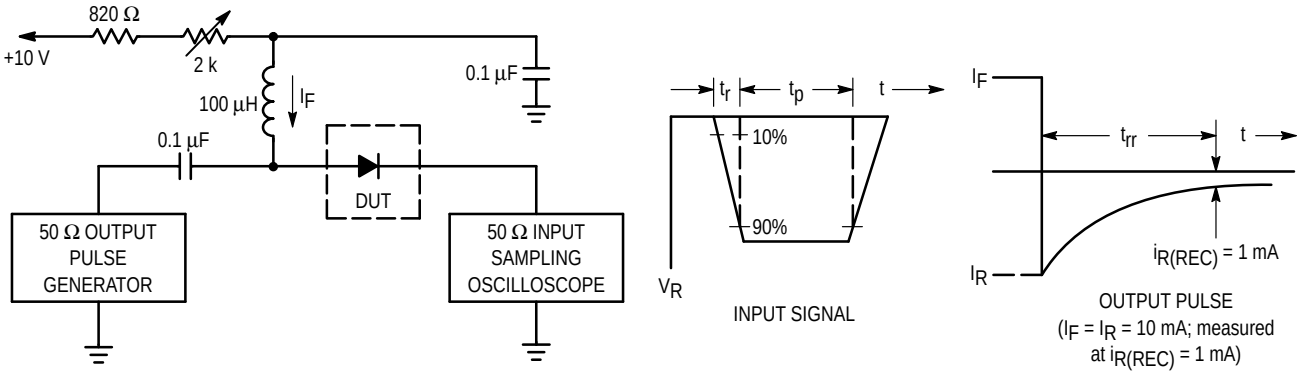
Thermal Clad is a trademark of the Bergquist Company.

Preferred devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted) **(EACH DIODE)**

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS				
Reverse Breakdown Voltage ($I_{(BR)}$ = 100 μA)	$V_{(BR)}$	70	—	Vdc
Reverse Voltage Leakage Current (V_R = 70 Vdc) (V_R = 25 Vdc, T_J = 150°C) (V_R = 70 Vdc, T_J = 150°C)	I_R	— — —	2.5 30 50	μAdc
Diode Capacitance (V_R = 0, f = 1.0 MHz)	C_D	—	1.5	pF
Forward Voltage (I_F = 1.0 mAdc) (I_F = 10 mAdc) (I_F = 50 mAdc) (I_F = 150 mAdc)	V_F	— — — —	715 855 1000 1250	mVdc
Reverse Recovery Time (I_F = I_R = 10 mAdc, $i_{R(REC)}$ = 1.0 mAdc) (Figure 1) R_L = 100 Ω	t_{rr}	—	6.0	ns
Forward Recovery Voltage (I_F = 10 mA, t_r = 20 ns)	V_{FR}	—	1.75	V



Notes: 1. A 2.0 kΩ variable resistor adjusted for a Forward Current (I_F) of 10 mA.
2. Input pulse is adjusted so $I_{R(peak)}$ is equal to 10 mA.
3. $t_p \gg t_{rr}$

Figure 1. Recovery Time Equivalent Test Circuit

CURVES APPLICABLE TO EACH DIODE

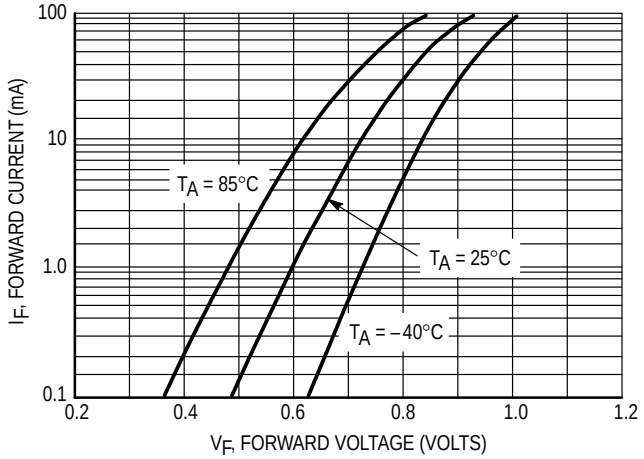


Figure 2. Forward Voltage

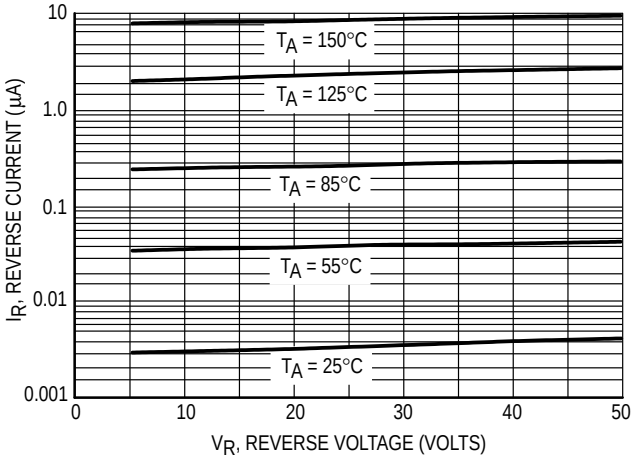


Figure 3. Leakage Current

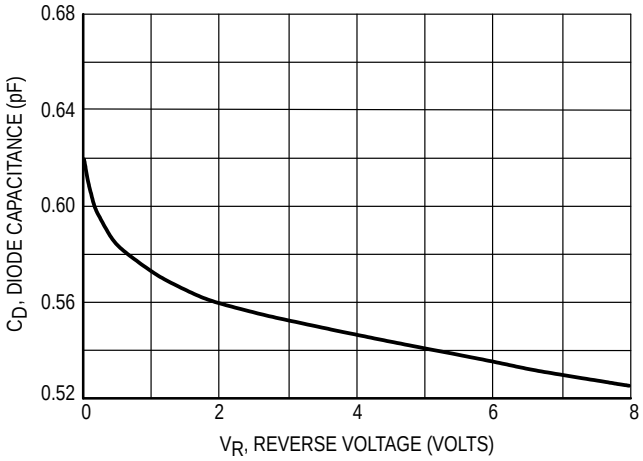
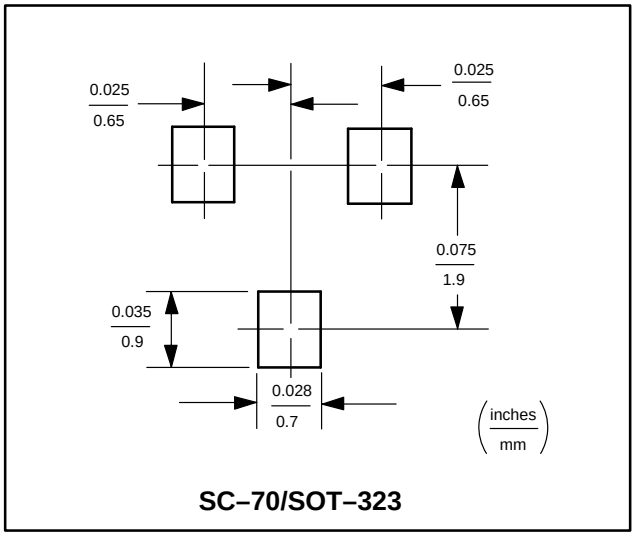


Figure 4. Capacitance

INFORMATION FOR USING THE SC–70/SOT–323 SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the semiconductor packages must be the correct size to insure proper solder connection interface between the board and the package. With the correct pad geometry, the packages will self align when subjected to a solder reflow process.



SC–70/SOT–323

SC–70/SOT–323 POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation of the SC–70/SOT–323 is a function of the pad size. This can vary from the minimum pad size for soldering to a pad size given for maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation for a surface mount device is determined by $T_{J(max)}$, the maximum rated junction temperature of the die, $R_{\theta JA}$, the thermal resistance from the device junction to ambient, and the operating temperature, T_A. Using the values provided on the data sheet for the SC–70/SOT–323 package, P_D can be calculated as follows:

$$P_D = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

The values for the equation are found in the maximum ratings table on the data sheet. Substituting these values into the equation for an ambient temperature T_A of 25°C, one can calculate the power dissipation of the device which in this case is 200 milliwatts.

$$P_D = \frac{150°C - 25°C}{625°C/W} = 200 \text{ milliwatts}$$

The 625°C/W for the SC–70/SOT–323 package assumes the use of the recommended footprint on a glass epoxy printed circuit board to achieve a power dissipation of 200 milliwatts. There are other alternatives to achieving higher power dissipation from the SC–70/SOT–323 package. Another alternative would be to use a ceramic substrate or an aluminum core board such as Thermal Clad™. Using a board material such as Thermal Clad, an aluminum core board, the power dissipation can be doubled using the same footprint.

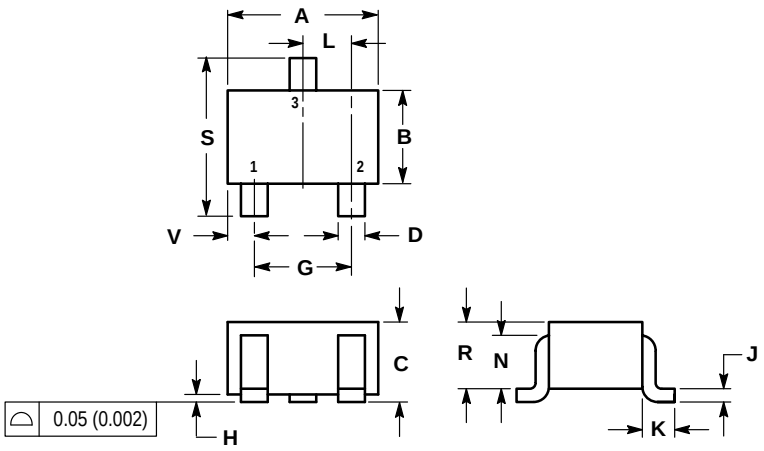
SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS

The melting temperature of solder is higher than the rated temperature of the device. When the entire device is heated to a high temperature, failure to complete soldering within a short time could result in device failure. Therefore, the following items should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

- Always preheat the device.
- The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should be 100°C or less.*
- When preheating and soldering, the temperature of the leads and the case must not exceed the maximum temperature ratings as shown on the data sheet. When using infrared heating with the reflow soldering method, the difference shall be a maximum of 10°C.
- The soldering temperature and time shall not exceed 260°C for more than 10 seconds.
- When shifting from preheating to soldering, the maximum temperature gradient shall be 5°C or less.
- After soldering has been completed, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes. Gradual cooling should be used as the use of forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
- Mechanical stress or shock should not be applied during cooling.

* Soldering a device without preheating can cause excessive thermal shock and stress which can result in damage to the device.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.071	0.087	1.80	2.20
B	0.045	0.053	1.15	1.35
C	0.035	0.049	0.90	1.25
D	0.012	0.016	0.30	0.40
G	0.047	0.055	1.20	1.40
H	0.000	0.004	0.00	0.10
J	0.004	0.010	0.10	0.25
K	0.017 REF		0.425 REF	
L	0.026 BSC		0.650 BSC	
N	0.028 REF		0.700 REF	
R	0.031	0.039	0.80	1.00
S	0.079	0.087	2.00	2.20
V	0.012	0.016	0.30	0.40

STYLE 9:
PIN 1. ANODE
2. CATHODE
3. CATHODE–ANODE

STYLE 10:
PIN 1. CATHODE
2. ANODE
3. ANODE–CATHODE

CASE 419–02
ISSUE H
SC–70/SOT–323

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How to reach us:
USA / EUROPE / Locations Not Listed: Motorola Literature Distribution; P.O. Box 20912; Phoenix, Arizona 85036. 1–800–441–2447 or 602–303–5454

MFAX: RMFAX0@email.sps.mot.com – TOUCHTONE 602–244–6609
INTERNET: http://Design–NET.com

JAPAN: Nippon Motorola Ltd.; Tatsumi–SPD–JLDC, 6F Seibu–Butsuryu–Center, 3–14–2 Tatsumi Koto–Ku, Tokyo 135, Japan. 03–81–3521–8315

ASIA / PACIFIC: Motorola Semiconductors H.K. Ltd.; 8B Tai Ping Industrial Park, 51 Ting Kok Road, Tai Po, N.T., Hong Kong. 852–26629298