P-Channel 30-V (D-S) MOSFET

MOSFET PRODUCT SUMMARY			
V_{DS} (V)	$R_{DS(on)}$ (Ω)	I_D (A)[a]	Q_g (Typ.)
- 30	0.190 at V_{GS} = - 10 V	- 2.7	2 nC
	0.330 at V_{GS} = - 4.5 V	- 2.1	

FEATURES

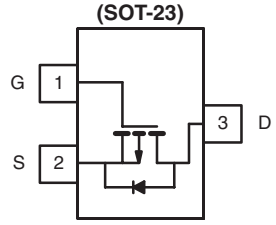
- **Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21 Available**
- TrenchFET® Power MOSFET
- 100 % R_g Tested
- 100 % UIS Tested

Pb-free
RoHS COMPLIANT
HALOGEN FREE Available

APPLICATIONS

- Load Switch

TO-236 (SOT-23)



Top View
Si2303CDS (N3)*
* Marking Code

Ordering Information: Si2303CDS-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free)
Si2303CDS-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted				
Parameter		**Symbol**	**Limit**	**Unit**
Drain-Source Voltage		V_{DS}	- 30	V
Gate-Source Voltage		V_{GS}	± 20	
Continuous Drain Current (T_J = 150 °C)	T_C = 25 °C	I_D	- 2.7	A
	T_C = 70 °C		- 2.2	
	T_A = 25 °C		- 1.9[b, c]	
	T_A = 70 °C		- 1.5[b, c]	
Pulsed Drain Current		I_{DM}	- 10	
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T_C = 25 °C	I_S	- 1.75	
	T_A = 25 °C		- 0.83[b, c]	
Avalanche Current	L = 0.1 mH	I_{AS}	- 5	
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy		E_{AS}	1.25	mJ
Maximum Power Dissipation	T_C = 25 °C	P_D	2.3	W
	T_C = 70 °C		1.5	
	T_A = 25 °C		1.0[b, c]	
	T_A = 70 °C		0.7[b, c]	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T_J, T_{stg}	- 55 to 150	°C

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS					
Parameter		**Symbol**	**Typical**	**Maximum**	**Unit**
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient[b, d]	≤ 5 s	R_{thJA}	80	120	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	R_{thJF}	35	55	

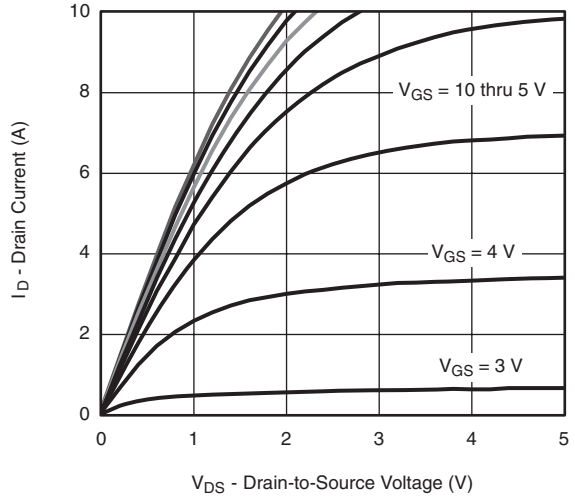
Notes:
a. Based on T_C = 25 °C.
b. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
c. t = 5 s.
d. Maximum under Steady State conditions is 160 °C/W.

MOSFET SPECIFICATIONS T_J = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted						
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Test Conditions**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Unit**
Static						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V_{DS}	V_{DS} = 0 V, I_D = - 250 µA	- 30			V
V_{DS} Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_J$	I_D = - 250 µA		- 27		mV/°C
$V_{GS(th)}$ Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$			3.8		
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = - 250 µA	- 1		- 3	V
Gate-Source Leakage	I_{GSS}	V_{DS} = 0 V, V_{GS} = ± 20 V			± 100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	V_{DS} = - 30 V, V_{GS} = 0 V			- 1	µA
		V_{DS} = - 30 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, T_J = 55 °C			- 10	
On-State Drain Current[a]	$I_{D(on)}$	$V_{DS} \leq$ - 5 V, V_{GS} = - 10 V	- 10			A
Drain-Source On-State Resistance[a]	$R_{DS(on)}$	V_{GS} = - 10 V, I_D = - 1.9 A		0.158	0.190	Ω
		V_{GS} = - 4.5 V, I_D = - 1.4 A		0.275	0.330	
Forward Transconductance[a]	g_{fs}	V_{DS} = - 5 V, I_D = - 1.9 A		2		S
Dynamic[b]						
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	V_{DS} = - 15 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		155		pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}			35		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}			25		
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	V_{DS} = - 15 V, V_{GS} = - 10 V, I_D = - 1.9 A		4	8	nC
		V_{DS} = - 15 V, V_{GS} = - 4.5 V, I_D = - 1.9 A		2	4	
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}			0.6		
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}			1		
Gate Resistance	R_g	f = 1 MHz	1.7	8.5	17	Ω
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD} = - 15 V, R_L = 10 Ω I_D = - 1.5 A, V_{GEN} = - 10 V, R_G = 1 Ω		4	8	ns
Rise Time	t_r			11	18	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			11	18	
Fall Time	t_f			8	16	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD} = - 15 V, R_L = 10 Ω $I_D \cong$ - 1.5 A, V_{GEN} = - 4.5 V, R_G = 1 Ω		36	44	
Rise Time	t_r			37	45	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			12	18	
Fall Time	t_f			9	14	
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristics						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I_S	T_C = 25 °C			- 1.75	A
Pulse Diode Forward Current[a]	I_{SM}				- 10	
Body Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	I_S = - 1.5 A		- 0.8	- 1.2	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	I_F = - 1.5 A, di/dt = 100 A/µs, T_J = 25 °C		17	26	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}			9	14	nC
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t_a			12		ns
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t_b			5		

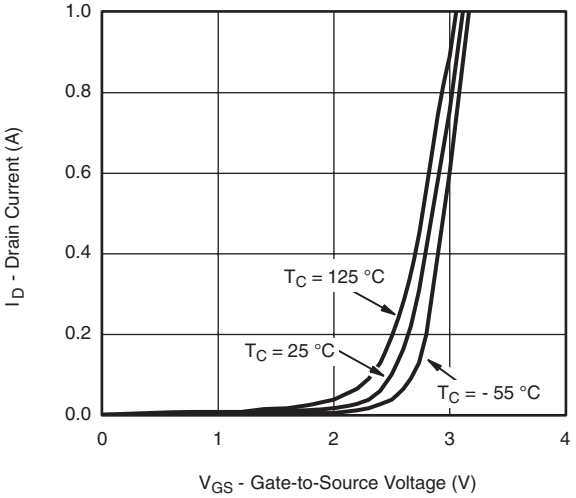
Notes:
a. Pulse test; pulse width ≤ 300 µs, duty cycle ≤ 2 %.
b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

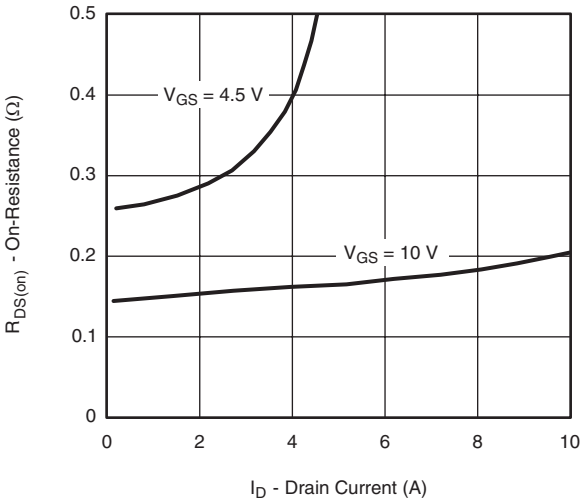
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



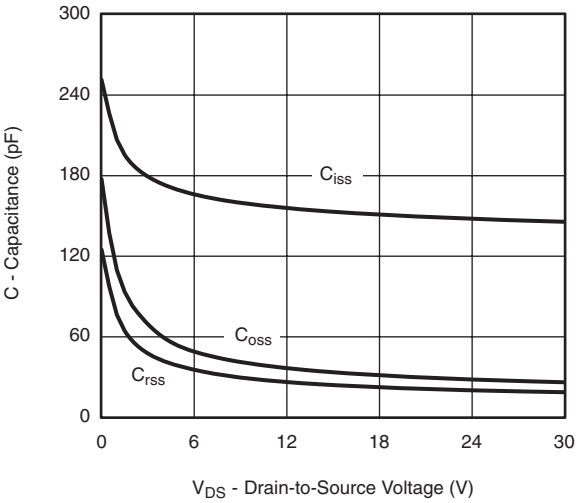
Output Characteristics



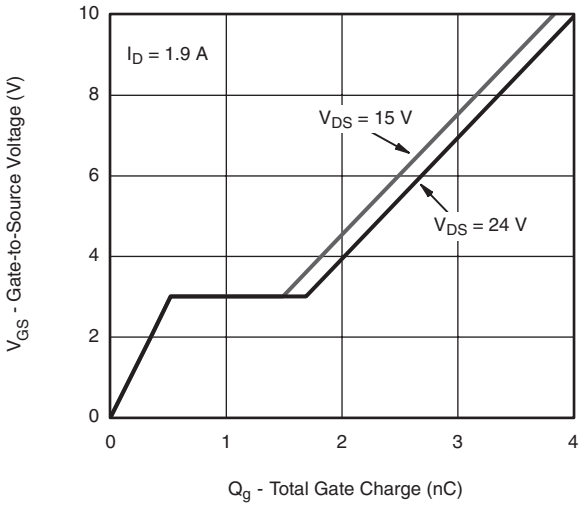
Transfer Characteristics



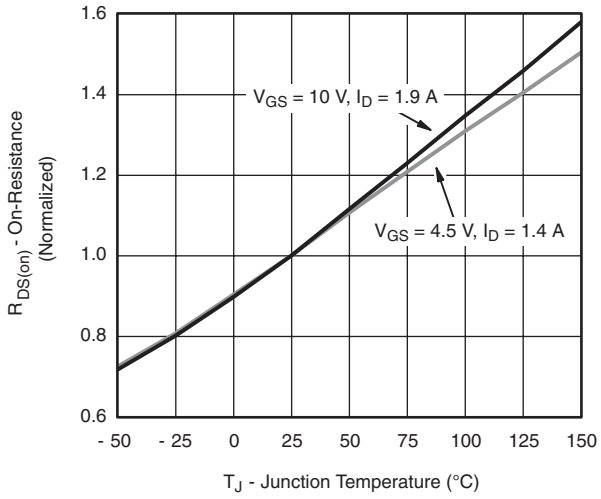
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage



Capacitance

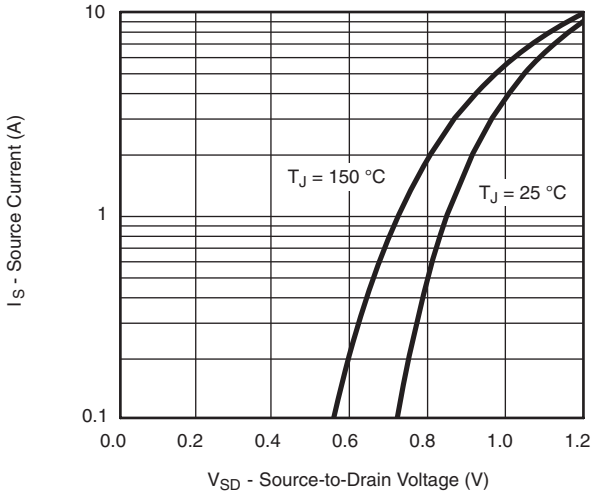


Gate Charge

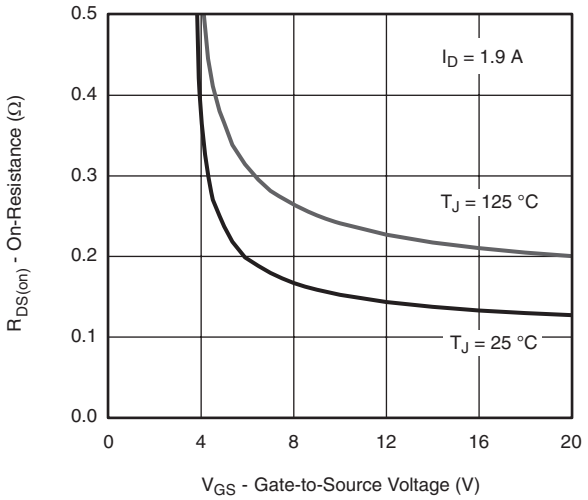


On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

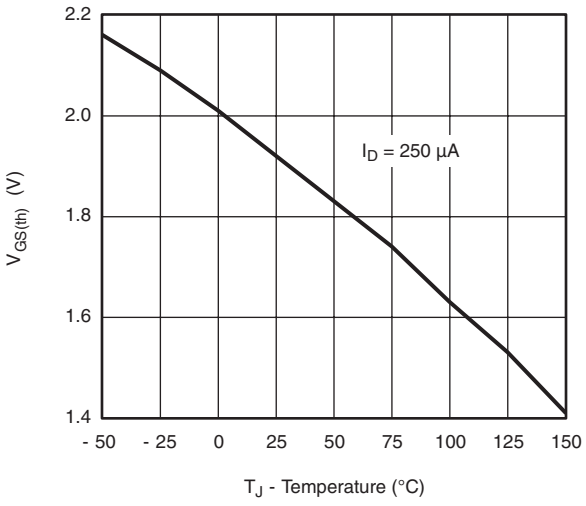
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



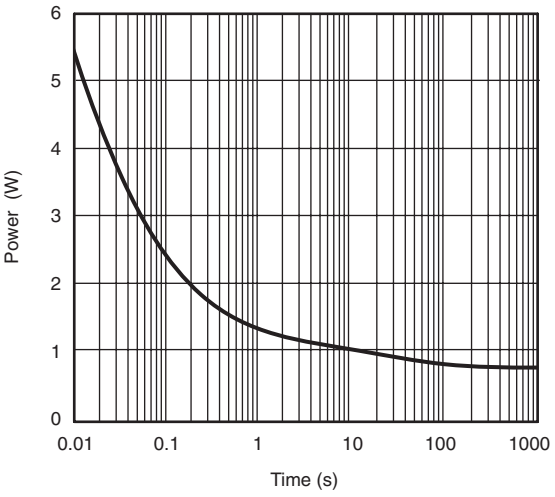
Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



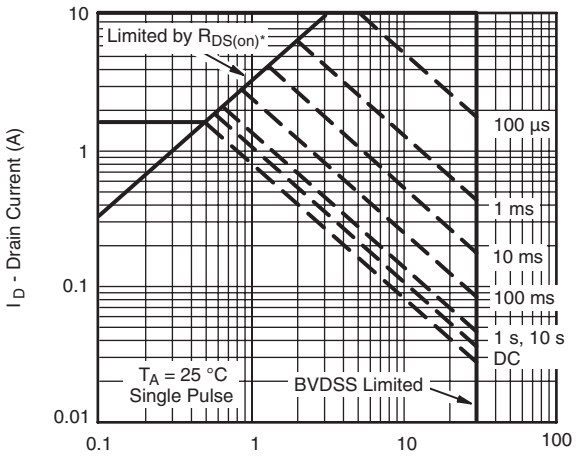
On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



Threshold Voltage



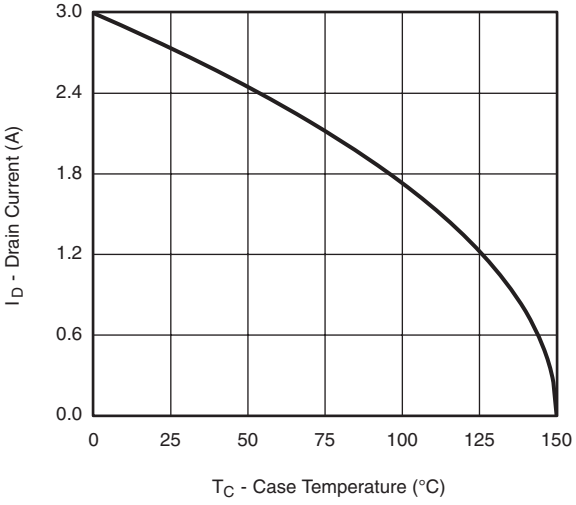
Single Pulse Power



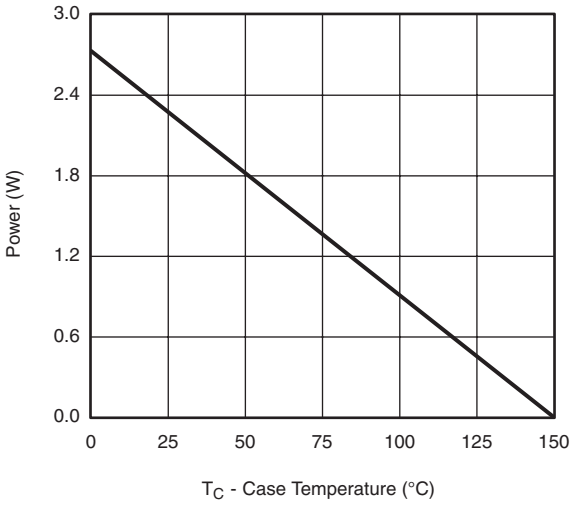
* V_{GS} > minimum V_{GS} at which $R_{DS(on)}$ is specified

Safe Operating Area

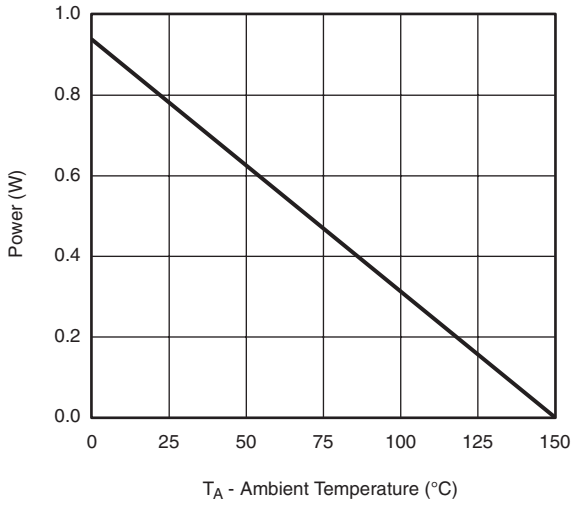
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



Current Derating*



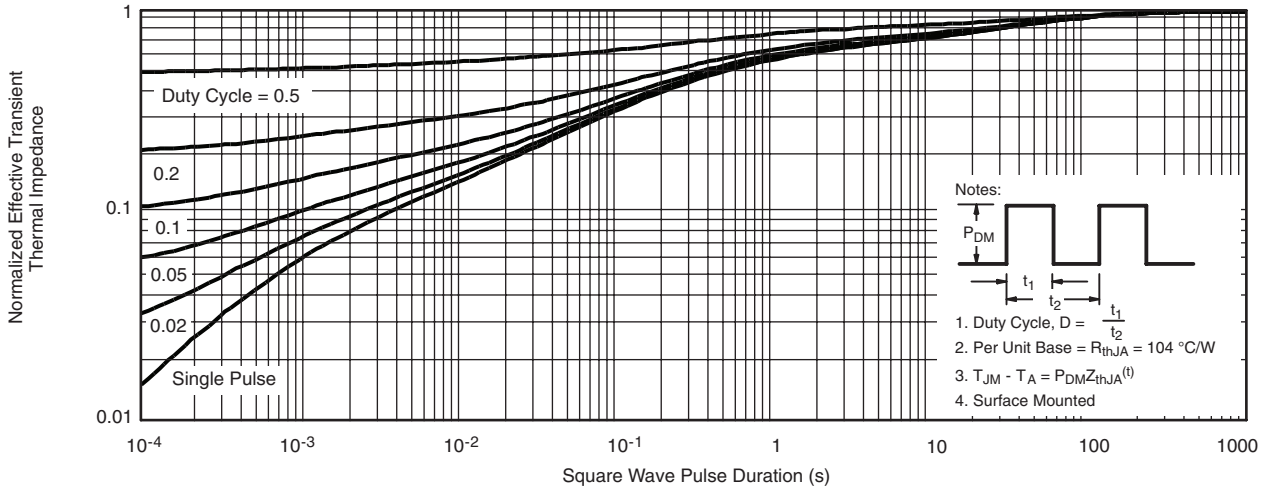
Power Derating, Junction-to-Foot



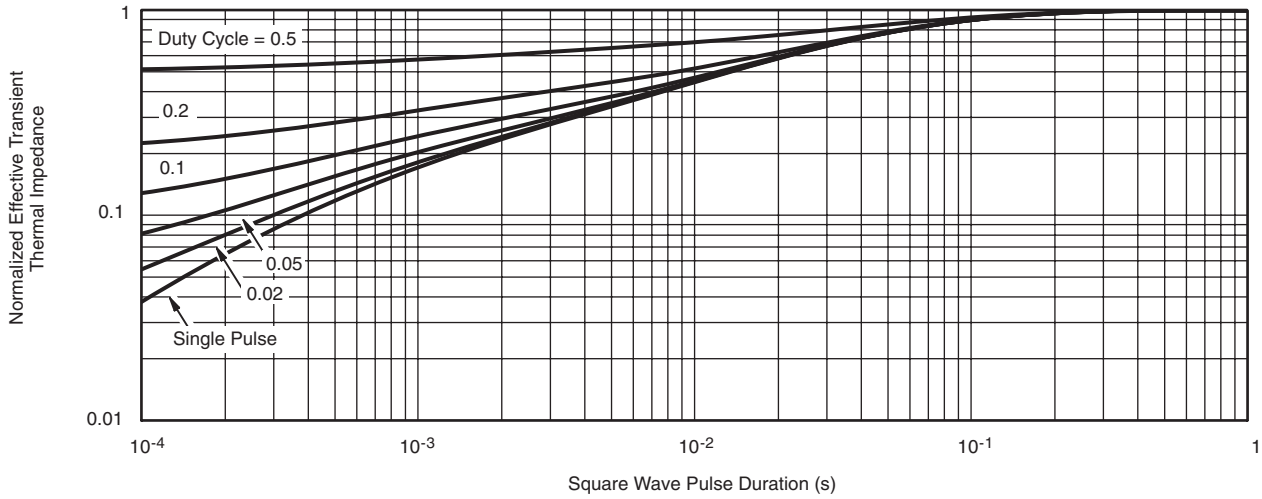
Power Derating, Junction-to-Ambient

* The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(max.)}$ = 150 °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



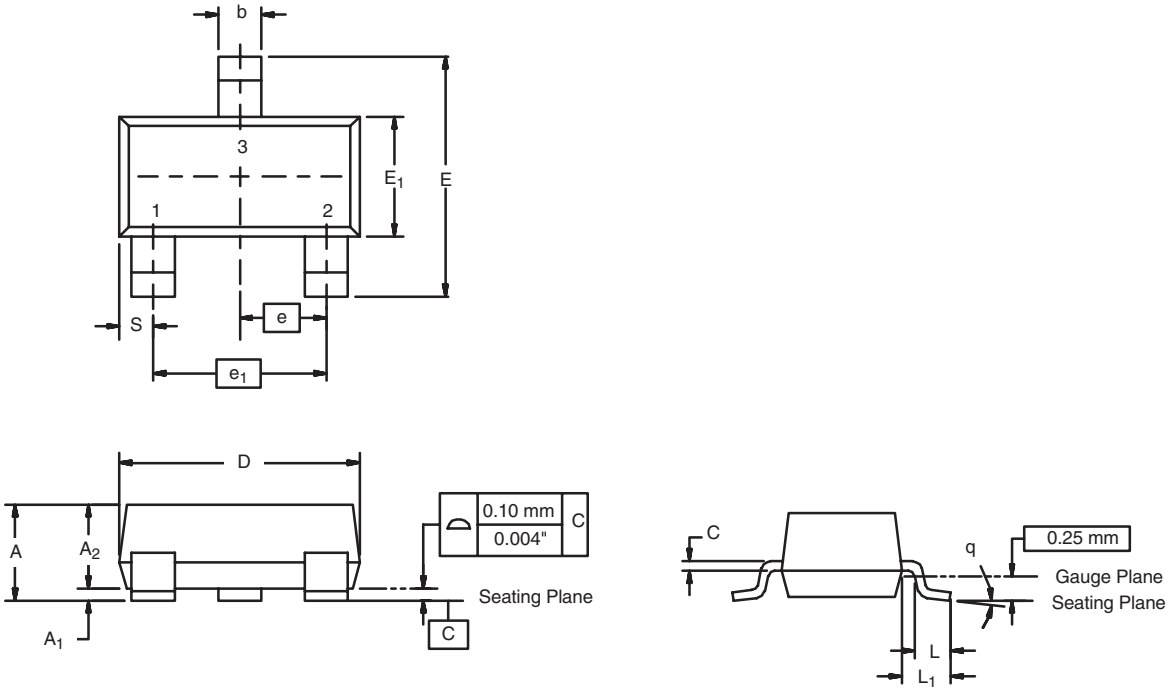
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg?69991.

SOT-23 (TO-236): 3-LEAD



Dim	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.89	1.12	0.035	0.044
A_1	0.01	0.10	0.0004	0.004
A_2	0.88	1.02	0.0346	0.040
b	0.35	0.50	0.014	0.020
c	0.085	0.18	0.003	0.007
D	2.80	3.04	0.110	0.120
E	2.10	2.64	0.083	0.104
E_1	1.20	1.40	0.047	0.055
e	0.95 BSC		0.0374 Ref	
e_1	1.90 BSC		0.0748 Ref	
L	0.40	0.60	0.016	0.024
L_1	0.64 Ref		0.025 Ref	
S	0.50 Ref		0.020 Ref	
q	3°	8°	3°	8°
ECN: S-03946-Rev. K, 09-Jul-01 DWG: 5479				

Mounting LITTLE FOOT® SOT-23 Power MOSFETs

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs*, (http://www.vishay.com/doc?72286), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SOT-23 power MOSFET footprint . In converting this footprint to the pad set for a power device, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

The electrical connections for the SOT-23 are very simple. Pin 1 is the gate, pin 2 is the source, and pin 3 is the drain. As in the other LITTLE FOOT packages, the drain pin serves the additional function of providing the thermal connection from the package to the PC board. The total cross section of a copper trace connected to the drain may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it may be inadequate thermally. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pin is the heat source when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

Figure 1 shows the footprint with copper spreading for the SOT-23 package. This pattern shows the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pin and provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain lead and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the ambient air. This pattern uses all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.

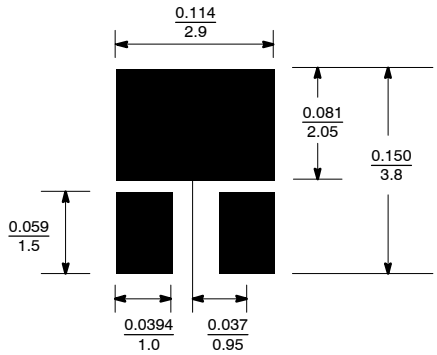
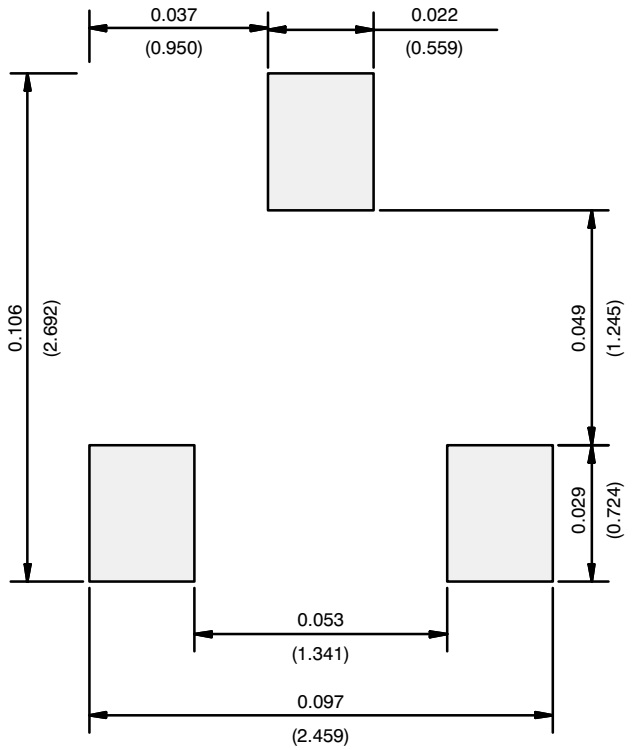


FIGURE 1. Footprint With Copper Spreading

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, “thermal” connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low-impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SOT-23



Recommended Minimum Pads
Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

Return to Index

APPLICATION NOTE

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