P-Channel 60-V (D-S) MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY			
V_{DS} (V)	$R_{DS(on)}$ (Ω)	I_D (A)[d]	Q_g (Typ.)
- 60	0.345 at V_{GS} = - 10 V	- 1.6	2.7 nC
	0.450 at V_{GS} = - 4.5 V	- 1.4	

FEATURES

- **Halogen-free Option Available**
- TrenchFET® Power MOSFET

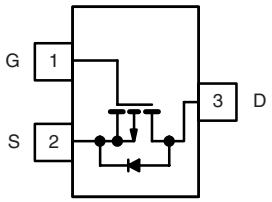
Pb-free

RoHS COMPLIANT

APPLICATIONS

- Load Switch

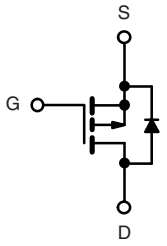
TO-236
(SOT-23)



Top View

Si2309CDS (N9)*
* Marking Code

Ordering Information: Si2309CDS-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free)
Si2309CDS-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)



P-Channel MOSFET

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted				
Parameter		**Symbol**	**Limit**	**Unit**
Drain-Source Voltage		V_{DS}	- 60	V
Gate-Source Voltage		V_{GS}	± 20	
Continuous Drain Current (T_J = 150 °C)[a, b]	T_C = 25 °C	I_D	- 1.6	A
	T_C = 70 °C		- 1.3	
	T_A = 25 °C		- 1.2[a, b]	
	T_A = 70 °C		- 1.0[a, b]	
Pulsed Drain Current (10 µs Pulse Width)		I_{DM}	- 8	
Single Pulse Avalanche Current	L = 0.1 mH	I_{AS}	- 5	
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T_C = 25 °C	I_S	- 1.4	
	T_A = 25 °C		- 0.9[a, b]	
Maximum Power Dissipation	T_C = 25 °C	P_D	1.7	W
	T_C = 70 °C		1.1	
	T_A = 25 °C		1.0[a, b]	
	T_A = 70 °C		0.67[a, b]	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T_J, T_{stg}	- 55 to 150	°C
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature)[c]			260	

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS					
Parameter		**Symbol**	**Typical**	**Maximum**	**Unit**
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient[a, c]	t ≤ 5 s	R_{thJA}	92	120	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	R_{thJF}	58	73	

Notes:
a. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
b. t = 5 s.
c. Maximum under Steady State conditions is 166 °C/W.
d. When T_C = 25 °C.

SPECIFICATIONS T_J = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted						
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Test Conditions**	**Min.**	**Typ.**	**Max.**	**Unit**
Static						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V_{DS}	V_{GS} = 0 V, I_D = - 250 µA	- 60			V
V_{DS} Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_J$	I_D = - 250 µA		- 65		mV/°C
$V_{GS(th)}$ Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$			4.5		
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = - 250 µA	- 1		- 3	V
Gate-Source Leakage	I_{GSS}	V_{DS} = 0 V, V_{GS} = ± 20 V			- 100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	V_{DS} = - 60 V, V_{GS} = 0 V			- 1	µA
		V_{DS} = - 60 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, T_J = 55 °C			- 10	
On-State Drain Current[a]	$I_{D(on)}$	$V_{DS} \leq$ 5 V, V_{GS} = - 10 V	- 6			A
Drain-Source On-State Resistance[a]	$R_{DS(on)}$	V_{GS} = - 10 V, I_D = - 1.25 A		0.285	0.345	Ω
		V_{GS} = - 4.5 V, I_D = - 1.0 A		0.360	0.450	
Forward Transconductance[a]	g_{fs}	V_{DS} = - 10 V, I_D = - 1.0 A		2.8		S
Dynamic[b]						
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	V_{DS} = - 30 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		210		pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}			28		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}			20		
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	V_{DS} = - 30 V, V_{GS} = - 4.5 V, I_D = - 1.25 A		2.7	4.1	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}			0.8		
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}			1.2		
Gate Resistance	R_g	f = 1 MHz		7		Ω
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD} = - 30 V, R_L = 30 Ω $I_D \cong$ - 1 A, V_{GEN} = - 4.5 V, R_g = 1 Ω		40	60	ns
Rise Time	t_r			35	55	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			15	25	
Fall Time	t_f			10	20	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD} = - 30 V, R_L = 30 Ω $I_D \cong$ - 1 A, V_{GEN} = - 10 V, R_g = 1 Ω		5	10	
Rise Time	t_r			10	20	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			15	25	
Fall Time	t_f			10	20	
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristics						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I_S	T_C = 25 °C			- 1.4	A
Pulse Diode Forward Current	I_{SM}				- 8	
Body Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	I_S = - 0.75 A, V_{GS} = 0 V		- 0.8	- 1.2	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	I_F = - 1.25 A, dI/dt = 100 A/µs, T_J = 25 °C		30	60	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}			33	60	nC
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t_a			18		ns
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t_b			12		

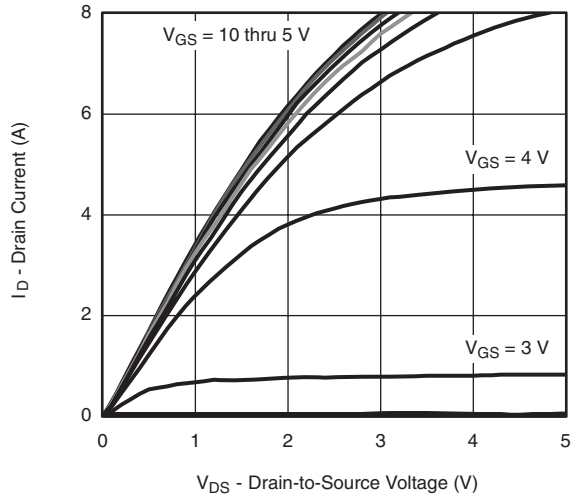
Notes:

a. Pulse test; pulse width ≤ 300 µs, duty cycle ≤ 2 %.

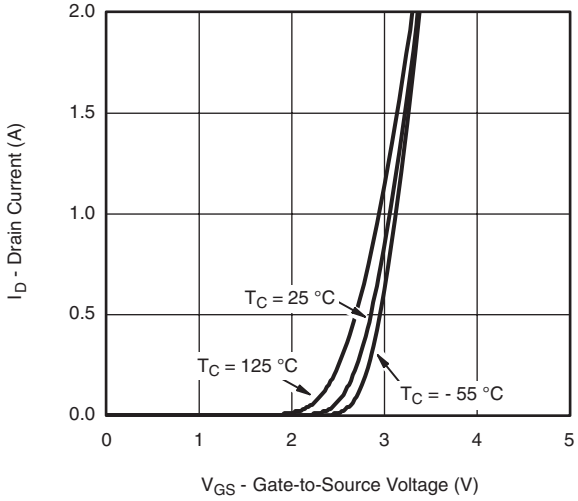
b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

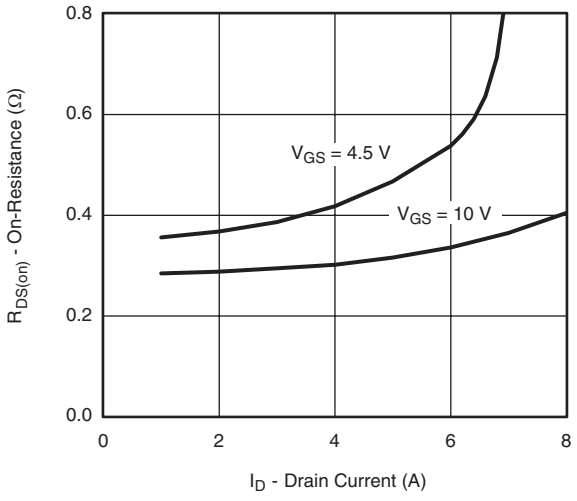
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



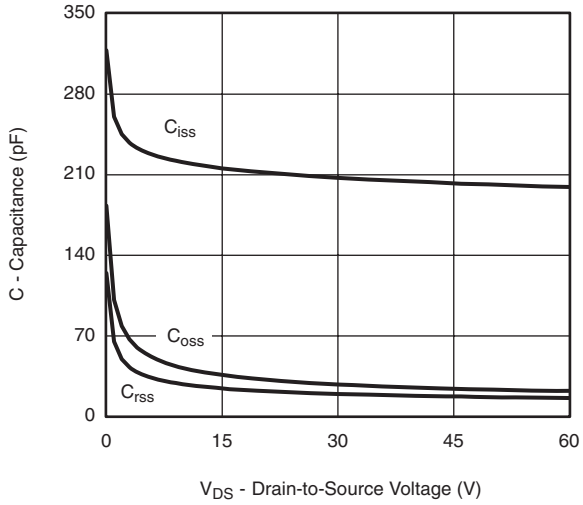
Output Characteristics



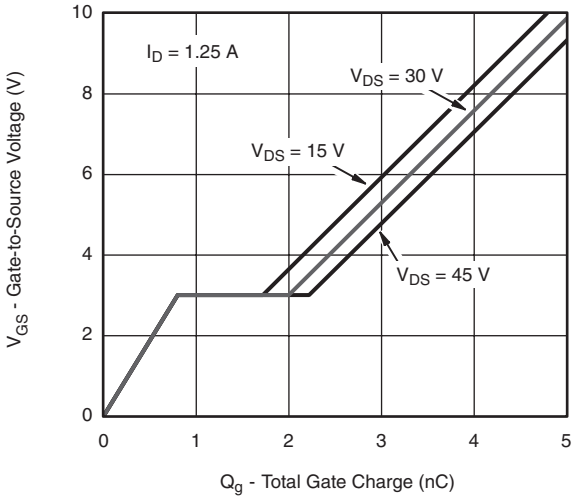
Transfer Characteristics



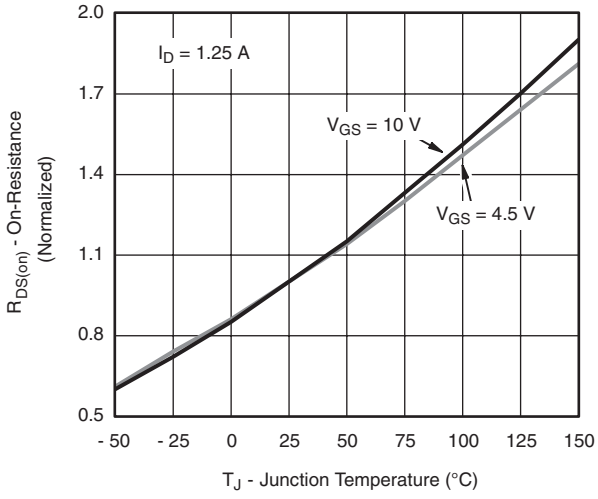
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage



Capacitance

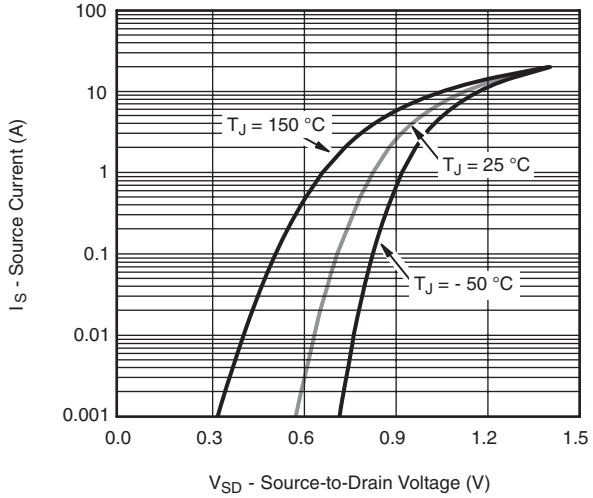


Gate Charge

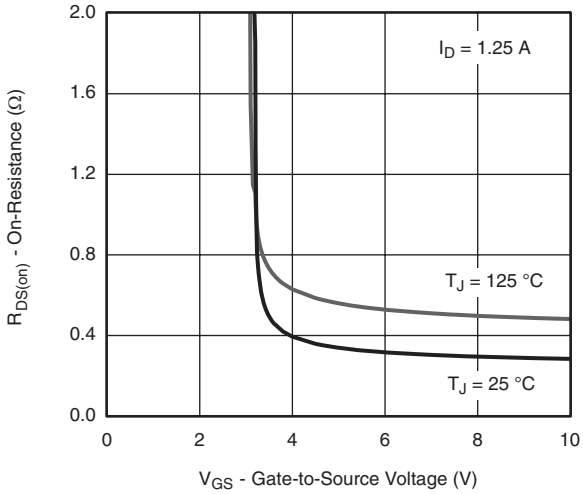


On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

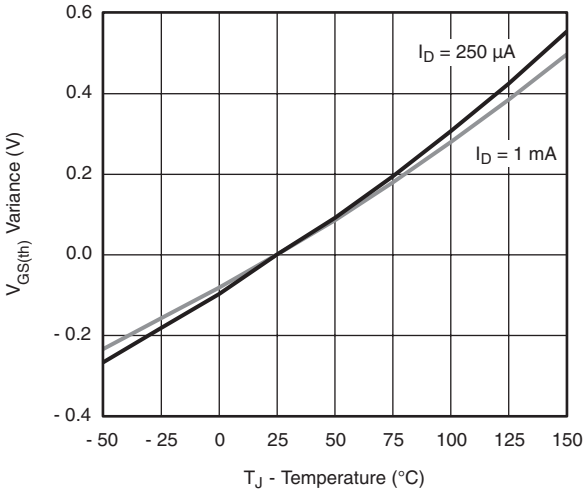
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



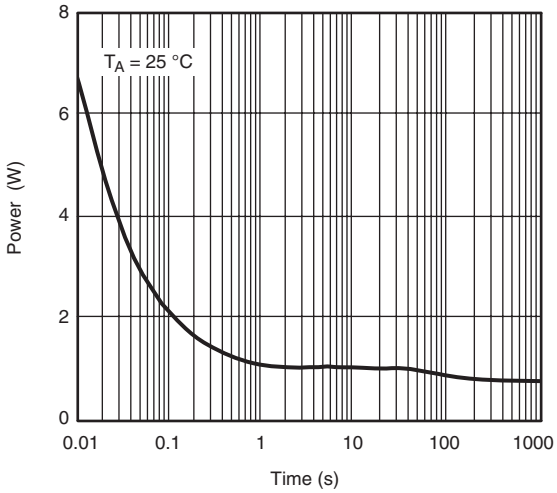
Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



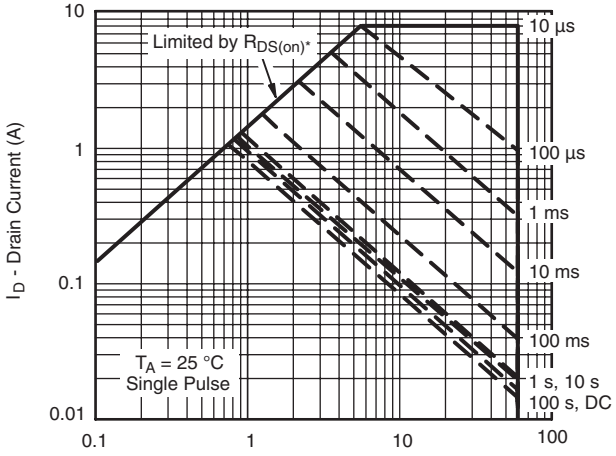
On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



Threshold Voltage



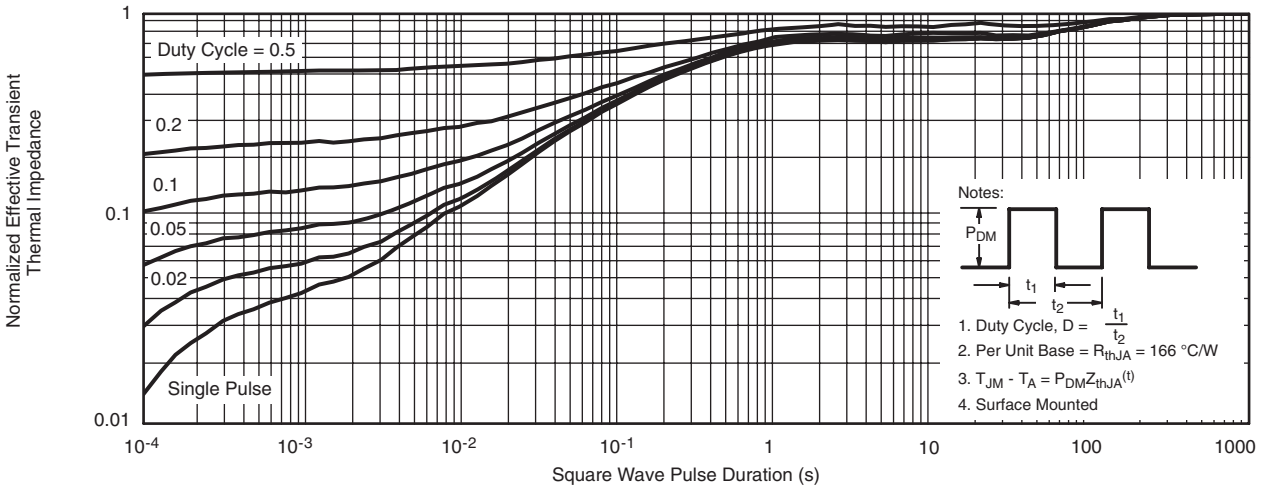
Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient



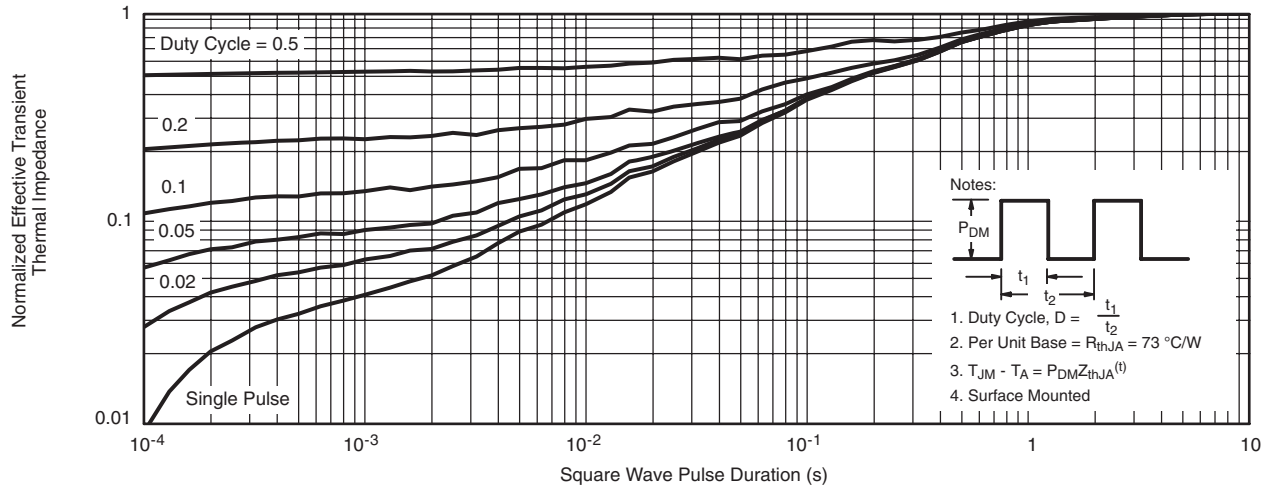
* V_{GS} > minimum V_{GS} at which $R_{DS(on)}$ is specified

Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



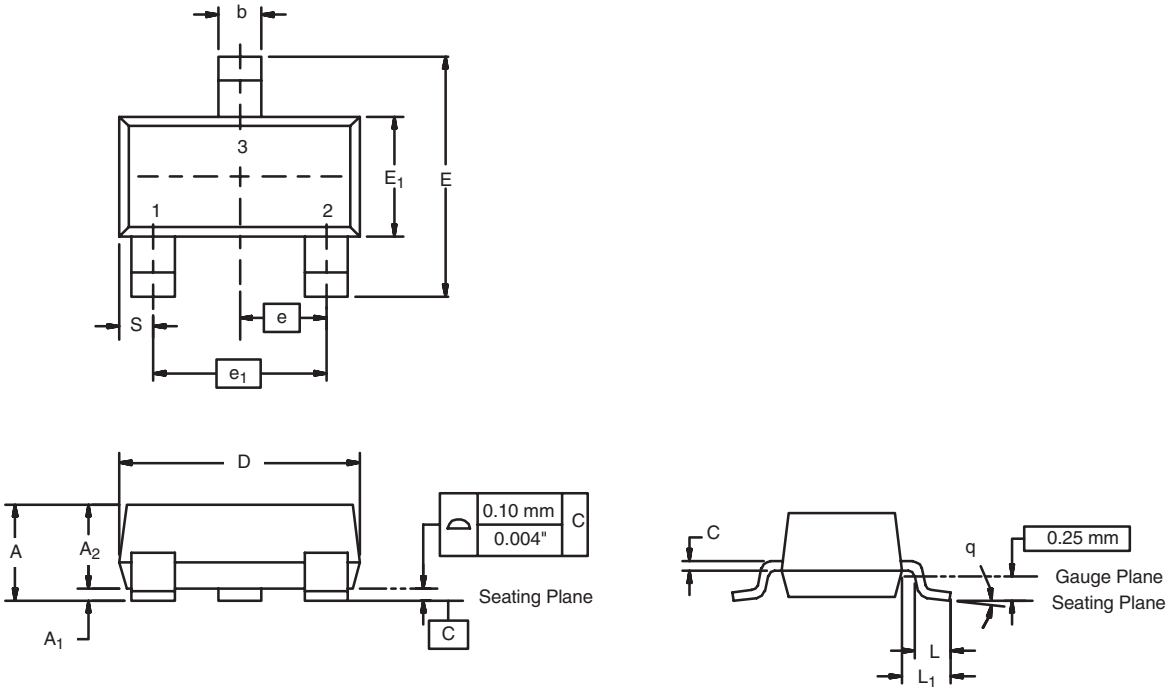
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see http://www.vishay.com/ppg?68980.

SOT-23 (TO-236): 3-LEAD



Dim	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.89	1.12	0.035	0.044
A_1	0.01	0.10	0.0004	0.004
A_2	0.88	1.02	0.0346	0.040
b	0.35	0.50	0.014	0.020
c	0.085	0.18	0.003	0.007
D	2.80	3.04	0.110	0.120
E	2.10	2.64	0.083	0.104
E_1	1.20	1.40	0.047	0.055
e	0.95 BSC		0.0374 Ref	
e_1	1.90 BSC		0.0748 Ref	
L	0.40	0.60	0.016	0.024
L_1	0.64 Ref		0.025 Ref	
S	0.50 Ref		0.020 Ref	
q	3°	8°	3°	8°
ECN: S-03946-Rev. K, 09-Jul-01 DWG: 5479				

Mounting LITTLE FOOT® SOT-23 Power MOSFETs

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs*, (http://www.vishay.com/doc?72286), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SOT-23 power MOSFET footprint . In converting this footprint to the pad set for a power device, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

The electrical connections for the SOT-23 are very simple. Pin 1 is the gate, pin 2 is the source, and pin 3 is the drain. As in the other LITTLE FOOT packages, the drain pin serves the additional function of providing the thermal connection from the package to the PC board. The total cross section of a copper trace connected to the drain may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it may be inadequate thermally. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pin is the heat source when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

Figure 1 shows the footprint with copper spreading for the SOT-23 package. This pattern shows the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pin and provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain lead and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the ambient air. This pattern uses all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.

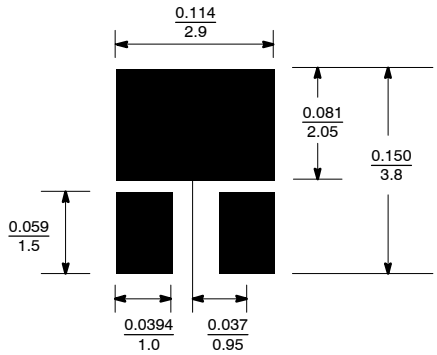
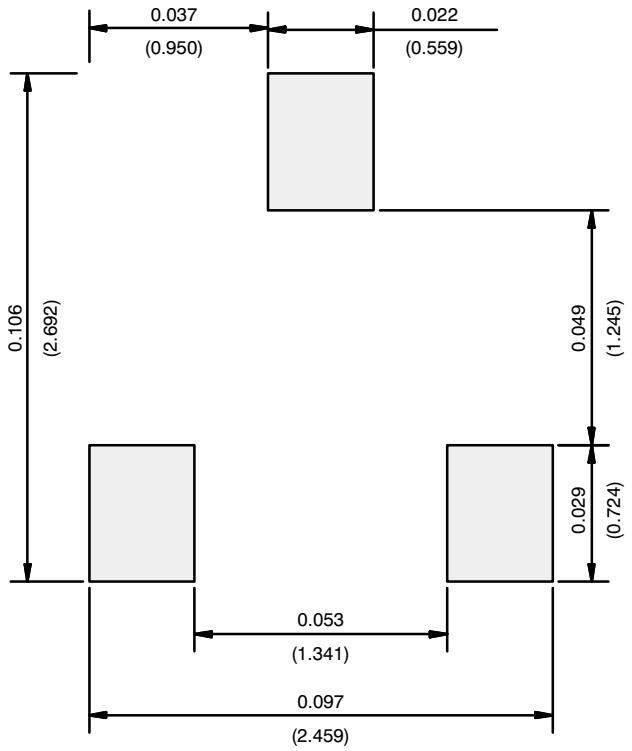


FIGURE 1. Footprint With Copper Spreading

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, “thermal” connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low-impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SOT-23



Recommended Minimum Pads
Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

Return to Index

APPLICATION NOTE

Disclaimer

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, “Vishay”), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay’s knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer’s responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and/or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer’s technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay’s terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Material Category Policy

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc. hereby certifies that all its products that are identified as RoHS-Compliant fulfill the definitions and restrictions defined under Directive 2011/65/EU of The European Parliament and of the Council of June 8, 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) - recast, unless otherwise specified as non-compliant.

Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to Directive 2002/95/EC conform to Directive 2011/65/EU.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc. hereby certifies that all its products that are identified as Halogen-Free follow Halogen-Free requirements as per JEDEC JS709A standards. Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to the IEC 61249-2-21 definition. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to IEC 61249-2-21 conform to JEDEC JS709A standards.